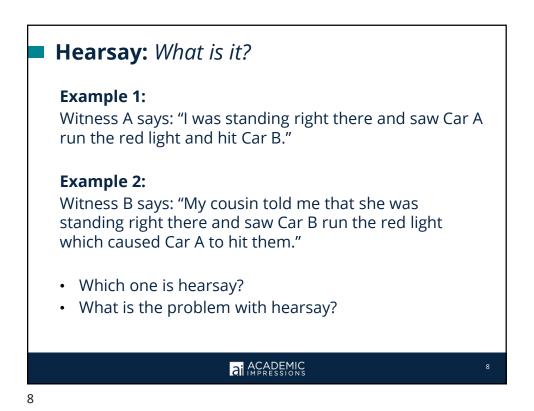
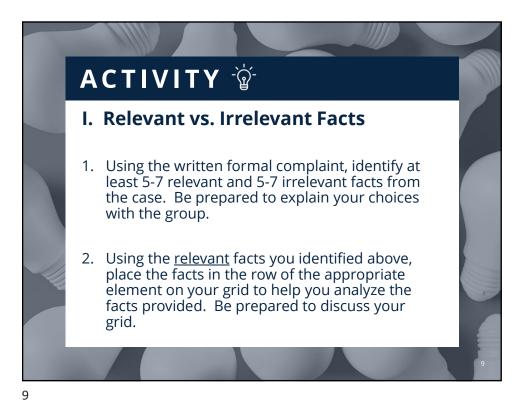
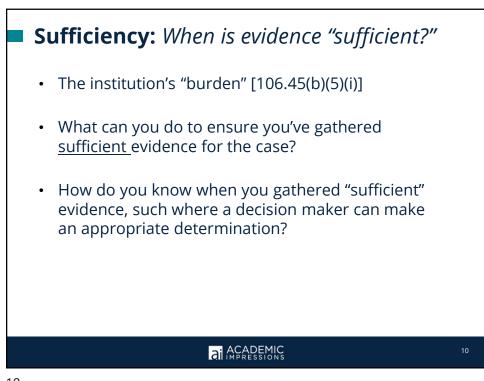


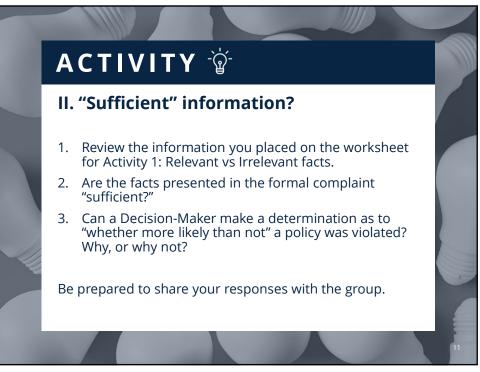
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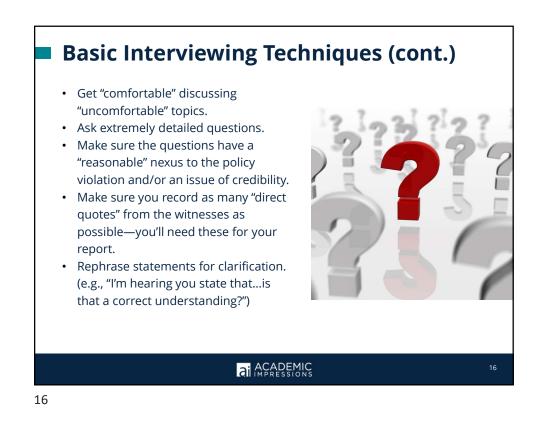


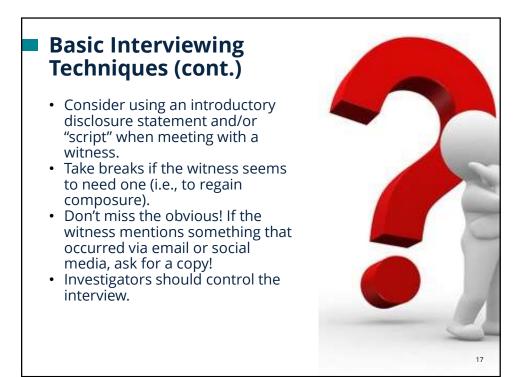
Basic Interviewing Techniques

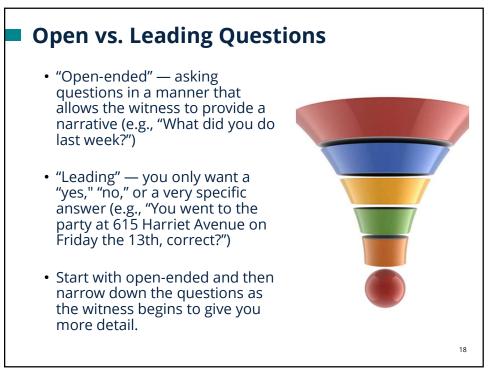
- Atmosphere is important.
- Be very conversational, NEVER accusatory!
- Build rapport ASAP!
- Schedule enough time for the interview.
- Be aware of "why" an interview is important before you interview a witness. (What information do you need from this witness?)

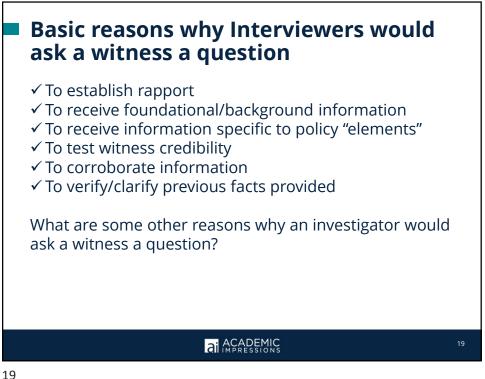


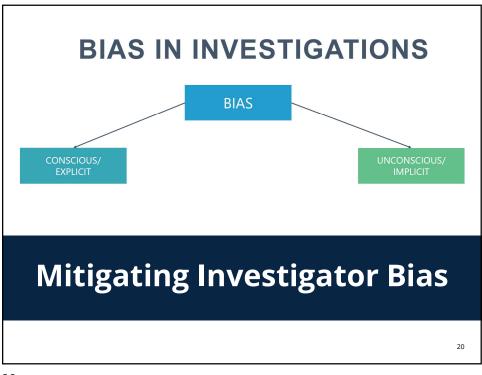
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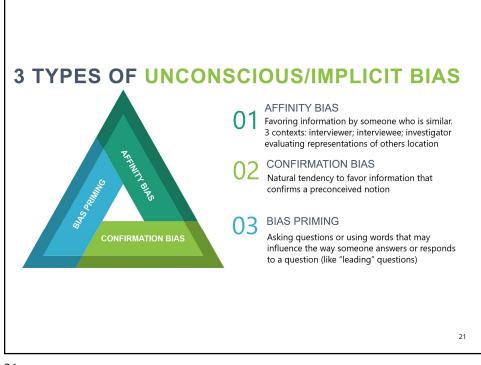


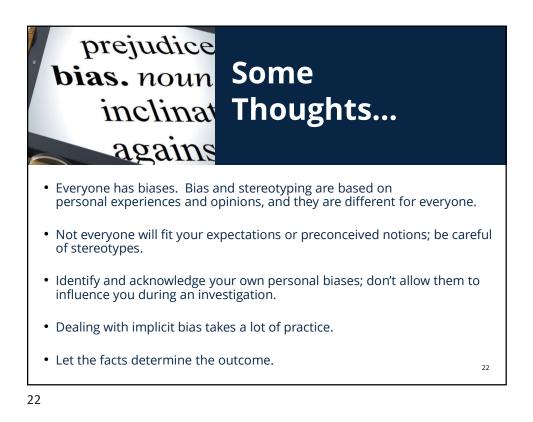






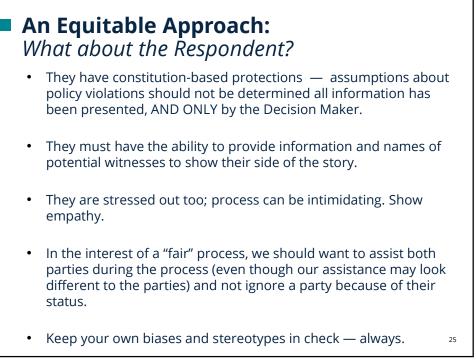


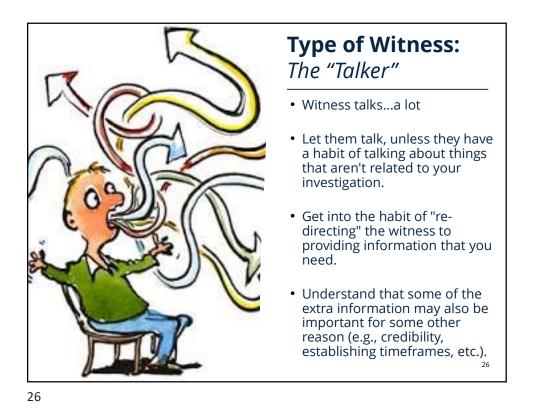


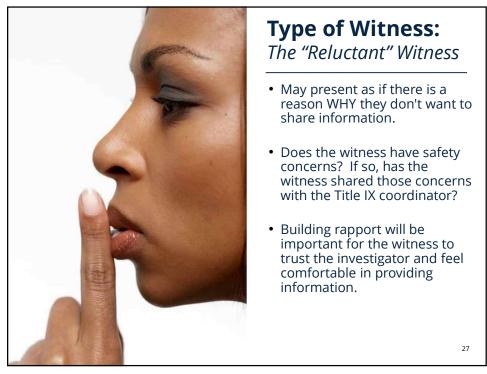


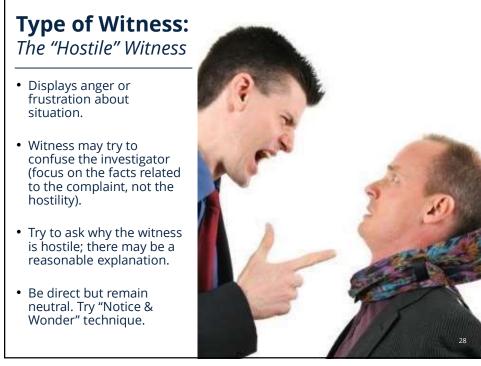


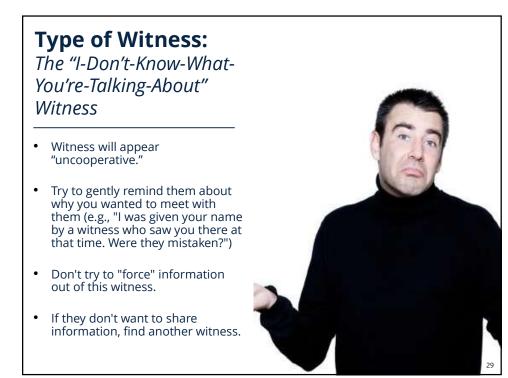






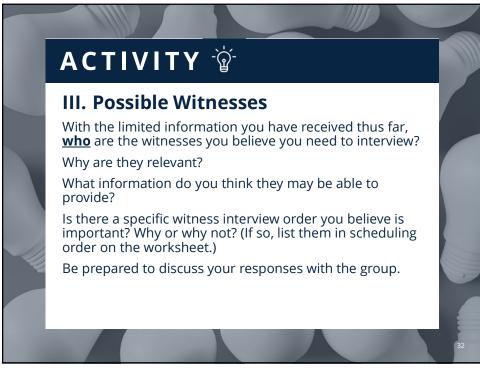


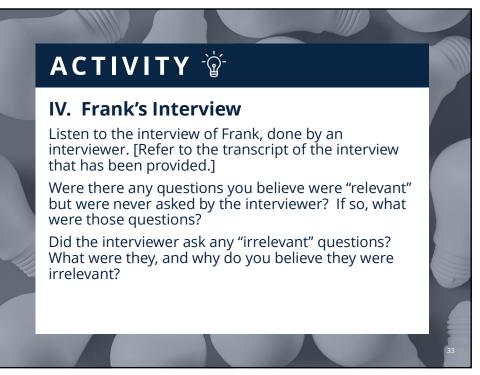








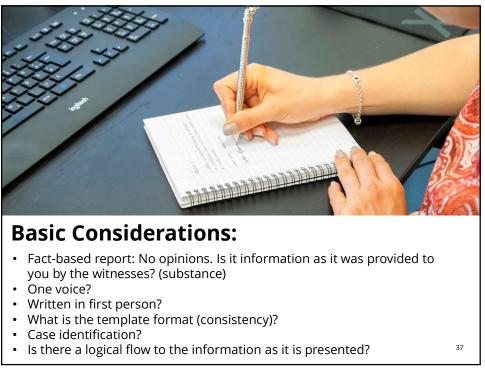




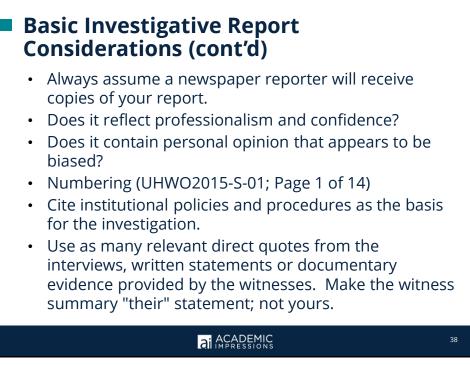


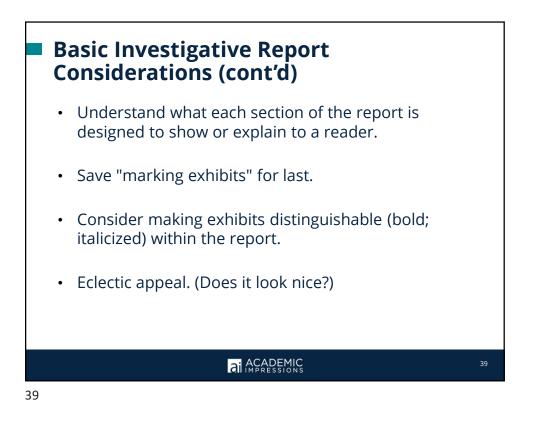


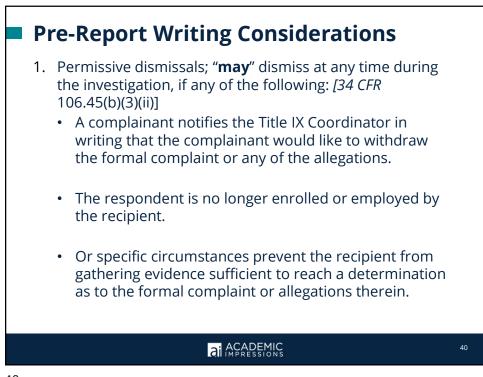


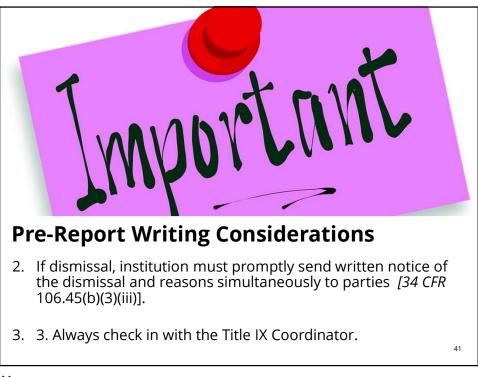




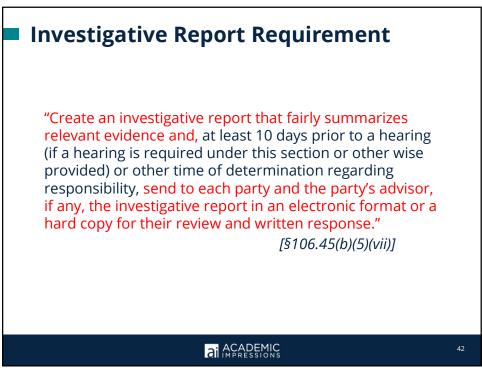


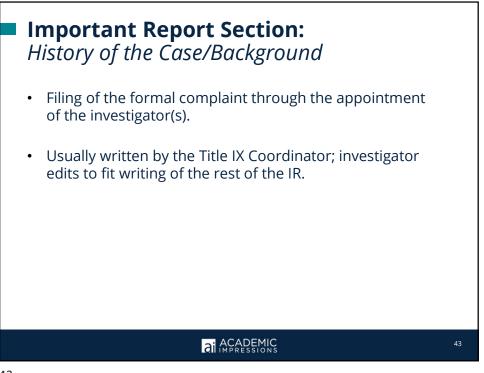


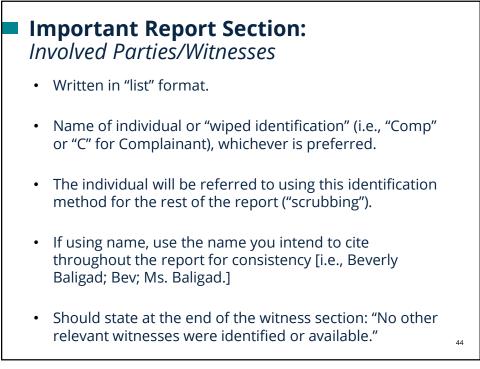


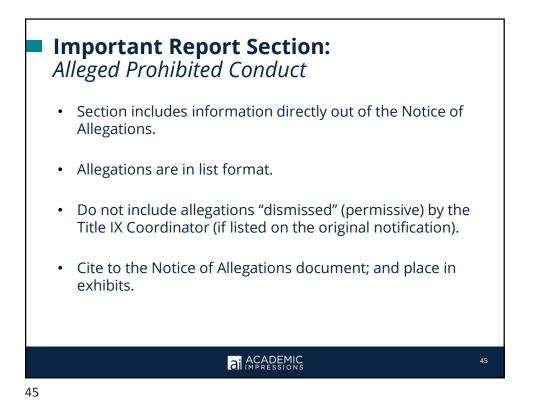


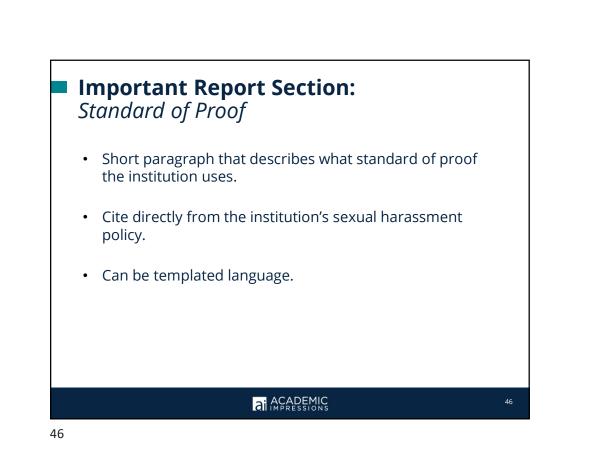


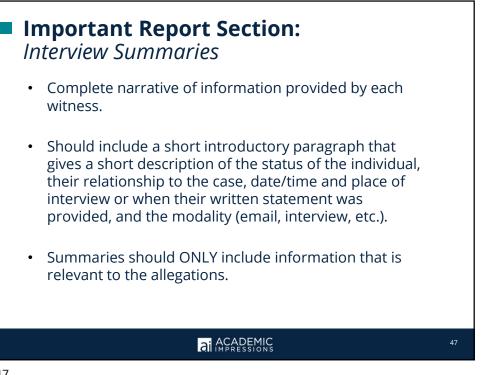




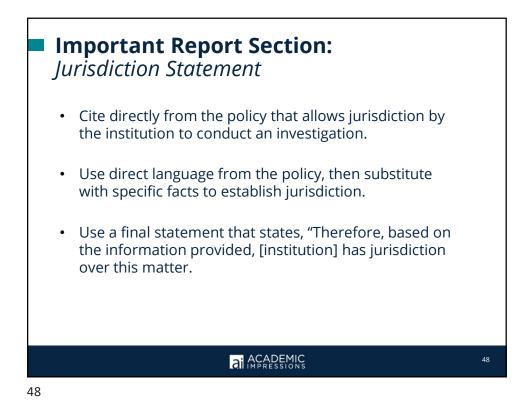


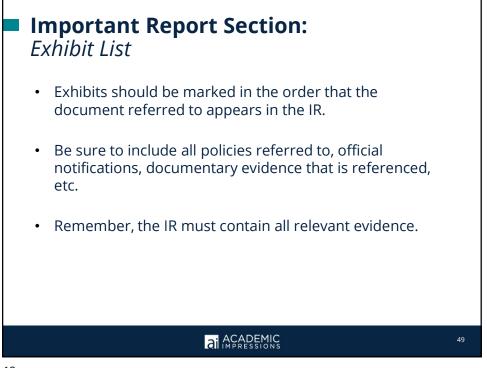


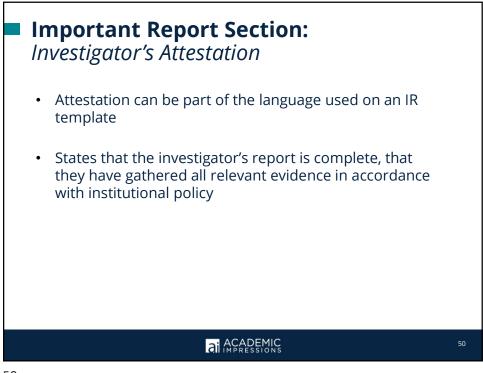












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Remember these? There's a lot more to it!	
Action	Phase
1. Thoroughly review the complaint; understand what the complaint is about.	
2. Find and print all policies, procedures, and agreements relevant to the issue. Review complaint again and compare policy and process information. Possible issue? Several issues?	
3. Determine what potential type of sexual misconduct is described in the complaint. List the "elements." (Remember the "loco moco?")	
4. Gather all available institutional and public information on relevant parties	
5. Identify witnesses and case strategy. Begin assembling investigative file. Keep an investigator's log.	
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The 5 Investigation Phases

- Phase I: Policy & Process Review
- Phase II: Investigation Planning
- Phase III: Preparation and Execution of Interviews
- Phase IV: Reviewing Relevant Information Gathered
- Phase V: Closing the Gaps; Follow-Up

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